

GFTA $^{\text {TM }}-3$ and $K_{L P A}{ }^{T M}-3$
Goldman-Fristoe Test of Articulation-3 \& Khan-Lewis Phonological Analysis-3
GFTA-3/KLPA-3 Score Report
Ronald Goldman, \& Macalyne Fristoe
Linda M.L. Khan, \& Nancy P. Lewis

Name:
Gender:
Birth Date:
Test Date:
Age:
Grade:
School/Agency:
Examiner:
Primary Language:
Dialect:
Reason for testing:
speech is difficult to understand

Ron Fristoe
Male
10/10/2007
09/14/2015
7 years 11 months
Second Grade
Shawnee Elementar
Shannon Wang
English

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## GFTA-3 SCORE SUMMARY

## Sounds-in-Words Score Summary

| Total Raw <br> Score $^{1}$ | Standard <br> Score $^{2}$ | 95\% Conf. <br> Interval | Percentile <br> Rank | Age Equivalent | Growth Scale <br> Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 35 | 43 | $40-52$ | $<0.1$ | $3: 0-3: 1$ | 537 |

${ }^{1}$ Raw score equals the total number of articulation errors.
${ }^{2}$ Normative information is based on gender.

## Sounds-in-Sentences Score Summary

| Total Raw <br> Score $^{1}$ | Standard <br> Score $^{2}$ | 95\% Conf. <br> Interval | Percentile <br> Rank | Age Equivalent | Growth Scale <br> Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 35 | 52 | $48-62$ | 0.1 | $6: 11$ or younger | 504 |

${ }^{1}$ Raw score equals the total number of articulation errors.
${ }^{2}$ Normative information is based on gender.

## Intelligibility Rating

| Total of Good <br> Ratings (1) | Total of All Ratings <br> $(1,2,3,4)$ | Overall <br> Intelligibility <br> Rating | Intelligibility <br> Percentage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 10 | $10 \%$ | $25<90 \%$ <br> $7590 \%$ |

## NARRATIVE REPORT

The Goldman-Fristoe Test of Articulation-Third Edition (GFTA-3) is a systematic means of assessing an individual's articulation of the consonant and consonant cluster sounds of Standard American English. It provides information about an individual's speech sound ability by sampling both spontaneous and imitative sound production in single words and connected speech. GFTA-3 provides age-based normative scores separately for females and males for the Sounds-in-Words and Sounds-in-Sentences tests. Intelligibility is reported as a percentage score, and Stimulability information is reported in table format.

## Sounds-in-Words

The Sounds-in-Words test is used to evaluate an individual's articulation skill when labeling single words. The examiner presents a picture stimuli for the individual to label. The examiner scores each consonant and consonant cluster sound in the word as a correct or incorrect production. This test has a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15.

Ron Fristoe received a standard score of 43 (confidence interval $=40$ to 52, percentile rank $=<0.1$ ) on the Sounds-in-Words test. When compared to peers of the same age and gender, Ron uses more sound change errors which results in a score that is in the very low/severe range.

## Sounds-in-Sentences

The Sounds-in-Sentences test is used to evaluate an individual's articulation skill when producing words in connected speech. The individual listens as the examiner tells a short story that is accompanied by visual stimuli. After the initial retelling of the story, the examiner presents each sentence again, and the individual repeats the sentence. The examiner scores each consonant and consonant cluster sound in the targeted words from each sentence as a correct or incorrect production. This test has a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15.

Ron received a standard score of 52 (confidence interval $=48$ to 62 , percentile rank $=0.1$ ) on the Sounds-in-Sentences test. When compared to peers of the same age and gender, Ron uses more sound change errors which results in a score that is in the very low/severe range.

## Intelligibility

The Intelligibility rating is used to evaluate an individual's intelligibility in connected speech. During administration of the Sounds-in-Sentences test, the examiner listens to each sentence the individual repeats and rates the individual's intelligibility for that sentence as 1 (good), 2 (fair), 3 (poor), or 4 (no response). This measure reports the percentage of individuals, by age, who received an overall rating of $90 \%$ "good" ratings.

Ron's connected speech was rated as "good" in 10\% of his productions.

## Stimulability

The Stimulability measure is designed to assess the sounds that were misarticulated during administration of the Sounds-inWords test and/or Sounds-in-Sentences test. For the misarticulated sounds, the examiner produces them in a syllable, word, and sentence context, and the individual imitates the examiner's productions.

Ron's Stimulability results are indicated in the following table.

|  |  | Correctly Imitated | Incorrectly Imitated |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Initial | Syllable | ð sk sl sp sw | r |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | Word | ð sk sw | sl sp |
|  | Sentence | S | ð sk sw |
| Medial | Syllable | $k \mathrm{~s}$ | ठ $r \backslash \backslash \mathrm{br}$ |
|  | Word | k | j |
|  | Sentence | k | S |
| Final | Syllable | n | $r \backslash \backslash$ ðz |
|  | Word | s n |  |
|  | Sentence |  | s n |

## ERROR ANALYSIS

## Sounds-in-Words Phonetic Error Analysis

Single Consonants

|  | Initial | Media | Final |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $p$ |  |  |  |
| b |  |  |  |
| t |  |  |  |
| d |  |  |  |
| k |  | 11 |  |
| g |  |  |  |
| m |  |  |  |
| n |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| $f$ |  |  |  |
| v |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| ð | 46 | 43 |  |
| s | 2660 | 27 | 156 |
| z |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 13 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 39 |  |
| 1 |  |  |  |
| r\} | 3155 | 38 | 21215232528303643 |
| w |  |  |  |
| j |  | 34 |  |
| h |  |  |  |

## Sounds-in-Words Phonetic Error Analysis (continued)

## Consonant Clusters

|  | Initial | Medial | Final |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bl |  |  |  |
| br | 43 | 37 |  |
| dr | 17 |  |  |
| fr | 44 |  |  |
| gl |  |  |  |
| gr | 45 |  |  |
| kr | 53 |  |  |
| kw |  |  |  |
| nt | 52 |  |  |
| pl | 21 |  |  |
| pr | 15 |  |  |
| sl | 58 |  |  |
| sp | 22 |  |  |
| st | 54 |  |  |
| sw |  |  |  |
| tr |  |  |  |

## R Error Analysis

Sounds-in-Words R Error Analysis

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $r$ | 121528303643 |
| $r$ | 25 |
| ar | 23 |
| r | 2 |
| br | 3743 |
| dr | 17 |
| fr | 44 |
| gr | 45 |
| kr | 53 |
| pr | 52 |
| tr | 54 |

Vowel Error Analysis
Sounds-in-Words Vowel Error Analysis
Vowel errors are not calculated in the standard score, however this table is provided for documentation of any vowel errors. Write the item number in the space provided with the corresponding vowel sound.

| i | Close, Front, Unrounded |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| e | Close Close Mid, Front, Unrounded |  |
|  | Close Mid, Front, Unrounded |  |
| $æ$ | Open Mid, Front, Unrounded |  |
|  | Open Open Mid, Front, Unrounded |  |
| () | Open Mid, Back, Unrounded |  |
|  | Mid Mid, Central, Unrounded |  |
| o Open, Back, Unrounded |  |  |
| u | Open Mid, Back, Rounded |  |
| a | Close Mid, Back, Rounded |  |
| a | Close, Back, Rounded |  |
|  | Diphthong |  |
|  | Diphthong |  |

## Sounds-in-Sentences Story 2 Phonetic Error Analysis

Single Consonants

|  | Initial | Medial | Final |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| p |  |  |  |
| b |  |  |  |
| t | 29 |  |  |
| d |  |  |  |
| k |  |  |  |
| m |  |  |  |
| n |  |  | 29 |
|  |  |  |  |
| $f$ |  |  |  |
| v |  | 29 |  |
|  |  |  | 14 |
| s | 15 |  | 14691823 |
| z |  |  |  |
|  |  | 15 |  |
|  |  | 29 |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 20 |  |
| 1 |  | 29 |  |
| rl\ | 24 | 2528 | 1119 |

Sounds-in-Sentences Story 2 Phonetic Error Analysis (continued)
Consonant Clusters

|  | Initial | Medial | Final |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bl |  |  |  |
| br | 3 |  |  |
| t |  |  | 8 |
| gr | 141823 |  |  |
| kl |  |  |  |
| kw |  |  |  |
| n |  |  | 17 |
| n |  |  | 5 |
| pl |  |  |  |
| sk | 13 |  |  |
| sl | 31 |  |  |
| sn |  |  |  |
| sp | 19 |  |  |
| spl | 12 |  |  |
| st | 10 |  |  |
| ðz |  |  | 26 |

## KLPA-3 SCORE SUMMARY

## KLPA-3 Score Summary

| Total Raw <br> Score | Standard <br> Score | $95 \%$ Conf. <br> Interval | Percentile <br> Rank | Age Equivalent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 44 | 40 | $37-49$ | $<0.1$ | $<2: 0$ |

Core Phonological Processes Summary

|  | Phonological Process | Number of <br> Occurrences | Total Possible <br> Occurrences | Percent of <br> Occurrences |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manner | Deaffrication (DF) | 0 | of $8=$ | $0 \%$ |
|  | Gliding of liquids (GL) | 12 | of $20=$ | $60 \%$ |
|  | Stopping of fricatives and <br> affricates (ST) | 6 | of $48=$ | $13 \%$ |
| Place | Stridency deletion (STR) | 11 | of $42=$ | $26 \%$ |
|  | Vocalization (VOC) | 6 | of $15=$ | $40 \%$ |
| Reduction | Palatal fronting (PF) | 1 | of $12=$ | $8 \%$ |
|  | Velar fronting (VF) | 0 | of $23=$ | $0 \%$ |
|  | Cluster simplification (CS) | 7 | of $23=$ | $30 \%$ |
| Deletion of final consonant    <br> (DFC) 1 of $36=$ $3 \%$ <br>  Syllable reduction (SR) 0 of $25=$ Final devoicing (FDV) | 0 | of $35=$ | $0 \%$ |  |
|  | Initial voicing (IV) | 0 | of $33=$ | $0 \%$ |

## Supplemental Phonological Processes Summary

|  | Phonological Process | Number of <br> Occurrences | Total Possible <br> Occurrences | Percent of <br> Occurrences |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manner | Affrication | 0 | of $151=$ | $0 \%$ |
|  | Frication | 0 | of $111=$ | $0 \%$ |
|  | Gliding (other) | 0 | of $81=$ | $0 \%$ |
|  | Glottal replacement | 0 | of $159=$ | $0 \%$ |
| Place | Liquidization | 0 | of $124=$ | $0 \%$ |
| Reduction | Backing to velars or $/ \mathrm{h} /$ | 0 | of $59=$ | $0 \%$ |
|  | Deletion of initial consonant | 0 | of $134=$ | $0 \%$ |
| Voicing | Deletion of medial | 0 | of $58=$ | $0 \%$ |
|  | consonant | 1 | of $27=$ | $4 \%$ |
|  | Initial devoicing | 0 | of $41=$ | $0 \%$ |
|  | Medial devoicing | 0 | of $22=$ | $0 \%$ |

## Vowel Inventory

|  | Phonological Process | Number of <br> Occurrences | Total Possible <br> Occurrences | Percent of <br> Occurrences |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vowels | Vowel alterations | 0 | of $82=$ | $0 \%$ |

Vowel Chart

|  | Front | Central | Back |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| High | $\begin{gathered} \text { i } \\ \text { leaf } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { u } \\ \text { zoo } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { I } \\ \text { pig } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { U } \\ \text { cookie } \end{gathered}$ |
| Mid | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{e} \\ \text { plate } \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{\ominus}{\text { zebra }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { o } \\ \text { soap } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \varepsilon \\ \text { web } \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathrm{cup}}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ \text { frog } \end{gathered}$ |
| Low | æ hammer |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{a} \\ \text { watch } \end{gathered}$ |


| Diphthongs |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| au <br> house | aI <br> knife | OI |
| boy |  |  |

Processes Per Word (PPW) Summary

| Item | Target Word | Core Processes per Word | Supplemental Processes per Word | Total Processes per Word |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | HOUSE | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| 11 | MONKEY | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 12 | HAMMER | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 13 | FISH | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| 15 | SPIDER | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| 17 | DRUM | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 21 | SLIDE | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| 22 | SWING | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| 26 | SOAP | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| 27 | GLASSES | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| 28 | TIGER | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 30 | FINGER | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 31 | RING | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 34 | VACUUM | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 36 | TEACHER | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 37 | ZEBRA | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 38 | GIRAFFE | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 39 | VEGETABLE | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| 43 | BROTHER | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| 44 | FROG | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 45 | GREEN | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 46 | THAT | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 52 | PRINCESS | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 53 | CROWN | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 54 | TRUCK | - 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 55 | RED | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 56 | JUICE | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| 58 | STAR | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| 60 | SEVEN | 2 | 0 | 2 |

## NARRATIVE REPORT

The Khan-Lewis Phonological Analysis-Third Edition (KLPA-3) is a norm-referenced analysis of an individual's speech development and phonological process usage. The analysis is used to identify frequency of usage of twelve Core Phonological Processes grouped into four types of processes (manner, place, reduction and voicing Processes), twelve Supplemental, and other processes used by the individual. The KLPA-3 requires the administration of the 60 target words of the Sounds-in-Words test in the Goldman-Fristoe Test of Articulation-Third Edition (GFTA-3). The target words are analyzed for sound changes and the sound changes are classified by phonological process(es). The total number of phonological processes included in the 12 Core Processes are converted into a series of scores (mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15) based on age and gender-based norms.

Ron's raw score converts to a standard score of 40 (confidence interval $=37$ to 49 , percentile rank $=<0.1$ ). When compared to peers of the same age and gender, Ron uses more phonological processes which results in a score that is in the very low/severe range.

Ron demonstrated 44 (raw score) individually produced sound changes on the KLPA-3. Specifically, Ron demonstrated 4 Manner Process(es), 1 Place Process(es), 2 Reduction Process(es), and 0 Voicing Process(es) as accounted for by the core phonological processes. Definitions and examples for the 12 core, 12 supplemental and other phonological processes are available in the resource library and KLPA-3 manual.

## KLPA-3 Vowel Alterations

On 0 occasions, Ron altered a target vowel so that it became a different vowel. Eight Vowel Phonological Processes are included in the KLPA-3, drawing on the current literature regarding vowel alterations; the Vowel processes are described in more detail in the resource library and KLPA-3 manual. The Vowel Phonological Processes can be used in conjunction with the KLPA-3 Vowel Inventory located on the summary page of this report for a more in-depth vowel analysis.

## KLPA-3 Dialectal Influence

Ron's history was not noted as having dialectal variation in his speech. Sound changes judged as dialectical variations are not scored as errors in GFTA-3. Therefore, KLPA-3 does not apply phonological processes to sound changes resulting from dialectical variations.

## End of Report

